

Foreign trade relations

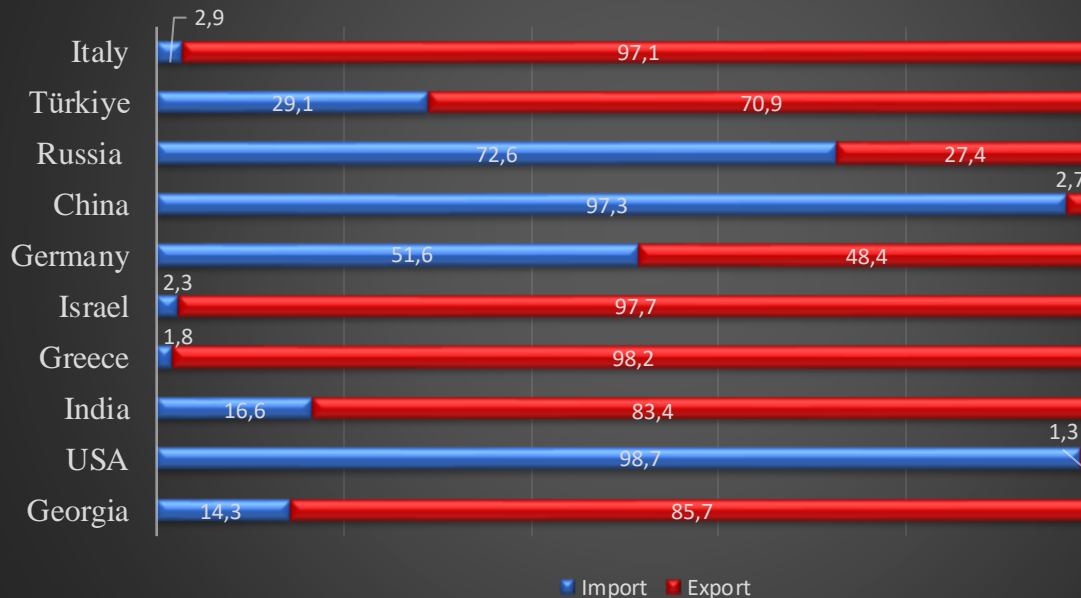
In January-November 2023 legal and natural entities of the Republic of Azerbaijan realized trade operations with their partners in 200 countries of the world, goods were exported to 120 countries and imported from 190 countries.

Taking into account value of statistically estimated exported crude oil and natural gas registered in the customs agencies but customs formalities of which not completed the foreign trade turnover of the country in January-November 2023 made 41187,0 million USD. 25374,3 million USD or 61,6% of trade turnover made the export value, 15812,7 (38,4%) million USD – import value and consequently positive trade balance reached to 9561,6 million USD. In comparison with January-November 2022, foreign trade turnover decreased in actual prices by 19,7% and in real terms – by 4,8%. Import increased in real terms by 5,1%, while export decreased by 8.2%.

In January-November 2023 the export of non-oil gas products, compared to the corresponding period of previous year, increased by 10.5% in actual prices and 5.2% in real terms and made 3033.7 million USD.

According to the State Customs Committee data, 30.8% of foreign trade turnover of the country was per the share of trade operations with Italy, 15.2% – Türkiye, 8.4% – Russia, 6.0% – China, 3.5% – Germany, 3.0% – Israel, 2.7% – Greece, 2.3% – India, 1.8% – USA, per 1.7% – Georgia and Spain, per 1.6% – Czech Republic, United Kingdom and Turkmenistan, 1.3% – Romania, per 1,1% – Croatia and France, per 1.0% – Vietnam and Bulgaria, per 0.9% – Iran and Japan and 10.8% – other countries.

The share of imports and exports in the trade turnover of the countries with the largest share in the foreign trade turnover in January-November 2023, in percent



45.0% of the total value of exported goods was per the share of Italy, 16.2% – Türkiye, 4.4% – Israel, 4.0% – Greece, 3.4% – Russia, 2.9% – India, 2.5% – Germany, 2.3% – Spain, per 2.2% – Georgia and Czech Republic, 1.8% – Romania, 1.7% – Croatia, per 1.4% – United Kingdom and Bulgaria, 1.2% – Ireland, 1.1% – Vietnam, 0.8% – Portugal, per 0.5% – Switzerland, Austria and Indonesia, 4.0% – other countries.

The share of goods shipped to Russia (33.1%), Türkiye (24.0%), Georgia (9.9%), Switzerland (5.1%), Kazakhstan (3.0%), Turkmenistan (2.5%), Ukraine (2.4%), United Arab Emirates (2.0%), Kyrgyzstan (1.7%), Uzbekistan (1.3%), Romania (1.3%), Latvia (1.3%), Italy (1.2%), Germany (1.0%), China (1.0%) was prevailed in export value on non-oil gas products.

18.1% of total value of goods imported to the country was per the share of Russia, 17.4% – China, 13.2% - Türkiye, 5.3% – Germany, 5.2% – USA, 4.2% - Turkmenistan, per 2.7% – Iran and Italy, per 2.5% - Japan and Korea, 2.4% – France, 2.0% - United Kingdom, 1.7% - Belarus, per 1.3% – Ukraine, Kazakhstan and Brazil, 1.2% - India, 0.9% - Poland, 0.8% - Vietnam and 13.3% – other countries.

In January-November 2023 compared to the corresponding period of previous year export of main types of products like fresh fruit increased by 22.0%, fresh vegetable – 4.2%, fruit and vegetable juice – 38.7%, fruit and vegetable cans – 23.0%, natural grape wines and grape juice – 13.7%, margarine and other mixtures fit for food – 40.3%, polypropylene – 73.6%, polyethylene – 32.6%, cement clinkers – 17.6%, cotton yarn – 35.6%, bentonite clay – 2.6%, while export of potato decreased by 9.0%, sugar – 30.5%, vegetable oils – 28.7%, tea – 62.2%, tobacco – 63.4%, cotton fiber – 9.1%, unprocessed aluminum – 19.6%, mineral fertilizers – 9.6%, ferrous metal rods – 18.6%, ferrous metal pipes – 15.1%, semi-finished ferrous metals – 57.9%.

In January-November 2023 compared to January-November 2022 import of vegetable oils increased by 7,0%, flour confectionery – 11,3%, chocolate and chocolate products – 13,7%, beef – 85,3%, fresh vegetable – 5,7%, cigarettes – 66,3%, cars – 32,8%, medical products – 0,9%, rolled steel – 42,6%, ferrous metal pipes – 73,3%, computing machinery, blocks and installations – 18,0%, rubber tires – 18,6%, trucks – 41,9%, synthetic detergents – 8,1%, furniture – 15,1%, polyethylene – 35,7%, mineral fertilizers – 34,7%, washing machines – 47,4%, ferrous metal rods – 1,3%, ferrous metal corners – 28,9%, polypropylene – 42,1%, domestic refrigerators – 59,6%, while import of wheat decreased by 6,2%, raw sugar – 17,7%, fresh fruit – 2,5%, butter, other milk fats and pastas – 11,0%, tea – 5,2%, potato – 14,4%, poultry meat and its additional products – 9,5%, household air conditioners – 5,3%, buses – 69,0%, cement – 27,0%.

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